

Déljine - Statistical Profile

	Déljine	Northwest Territories		Déljine	Northwest Territories
POPULATION					
<i>Population (2011)</i>			<i>Number of Births</i>		
Total	552	43,675	1999	11	659
Males	287	22,405	2000	14	673
Females	265	21,270	2001	10	613
0 - 4 Years	44	3,342	2002	8	635
5 - 9 Years	42	3,082	2003	8	701
10 - 14 Years	34	2,842	2004	8	698
15 - 24 Years	113	7,296	2005	9	712
25 - 44 Years	190	13,656	2006	4	687
45 - 59 Years	85	9,115	2007	9	725
60 Yrs. & Older	44	4,342	2008	12	721
Aboriginal	517	22,241	<i>Teen Births</i>		
Non-Aboriginal	35	21,434	1999	-	83
<i>Population Dependency Ratio (2011)</i>			2000	5	84
< 15 Yrs.	0.31	0.31	2001	2	70
60 Yrs. & Older	0.11	0.14	2002	2	72
			2003	2	72
			2004	3	86
			2005	-	68
			2006	-	73
			2007	1	65
			2008	3	56
<i>Historical Population</i>					
2001	566	40,844	<i>Number of Deaths</i>		
2002	550	41,665	1999	3	162
2003	556	42,561	2000	3	156
2004	546	43,301	2001	9	163
2005	545	43,399	2002	3	169
2006	545	43,198	2003	3	202
2007	548	43,545	2004	1	153
2008	561	43,681	2005	1	148
2009	560	43,638	2006	5	182
2010	554	43,830	2007	2	174
2011	552	43,675	2008	5	201
<i>Avg. Annual % Growth (01-11)</i>			<i>Injury Deaths (inc. suicides)</i>		
Total Population	-0.3	0.7	1999	-	36
< 15 Yrs.	-3.6	-1.5	2000	-	31
60 Yrs. & Older	0.5	5.5	2001	3	31
			2002	2	24
<i>Population Projections</i>					
2015	585	45,281	2003	-	36
2020	589	46,616	2004	-	23
2025	589	47,626	2005	-	21
			2006	1	36
			2007	1	32
			2008	1	29
HEALTH & VITAL STATS					
<i>% of Population that Smoke</i>			<i>Suicides</i>		
2009	52.7	35.2	1999	-	15
			2000	-	7
			2001	1	8
			2002	-	8
			2003	-	10
			2004	-	11
			2005	-	4
			2006	-	5
			2007	1	9
			2008	1	10

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HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES				
<i>% of Households with 6 or More People</i>			<i>Other Criminal Code</i>	
1981	33.3	13.9	2001	65 4,350
1986	42.9	11.5	2002	48 3,934
1991	30.8	9.8	2003	40 4,068
1996	17.1	8.6	2004	31 5,233
2001	16.1	7.2	2005	23 6,475
2004	12.8	7.0	2006	55 5,695
2006	8.6	6.2	2007	49 5,942
2009	9.2	6.7	2008	61 6,377
			2009	43 5,981
			2010	54 6,857
<i>Family Structure (2006)</i>				
Total Family Structure	130	10,875	<i>Federal Statutes</i>	
Husband-Wife	50	5,555	2001	2 432
Common-law	40	2,990	2002	7 655
Lone Parent	45	2,330	2003	10 595
% Lone-Parent Families	34.6	21.4	2004	8 632
			2005	9 742
<i>Tenure (2009)</i>				
Total	174	14,522	2006	5 534
Owned	64	7,623	2007	12 665
Rented	110	6,899	2008	4 815
% Owned	36.8	52.5	2009	3 827
			2010	10 991
<i>% of Households in Core Need</i>				
1996	48.8	19.7	<i>Traffic</i>	
2000	43.0	20.3	2001	3 459
2004	41.7	16.3	2002	2 568
2009	55.2	19.0	2003	12 642
			2004	8 768
CRIME				
<i>Violent Crimes</i>			2005	12 884
2001	59	2,767	2006	20 829
2002	47	3,179	2007	12 813
2003	50	3,698	2008	16 1,051
2004	93	3,857	2009	14 810
2005	62	3,711	2010	12 877
2006	44	3,527		
2007	63	4,025	<i>Violent Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)</i>	
2008	62	3,839	2001	104.2 67.7
2009	58	3,730	2002	85.5 76.3
2010	60	3,678	2003	89.9 86.9
<i>Property Crimes</i>			2004	170.3 89.1
2001	35	5,417	2005	113.8 85.5
2002	106	6,397	2006	80.7 81.6
2003	93	8,179	2007	114.3 92.4
2004	98	9,018	2008	109.7 87.8
2005	128	8,357	2009	102.7 85.9
2006	127	8,292	2010	105.8 84.1
2007	152	8,807		
2008	154	8,881	<i>Property Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)</i>	
2009	122	8,568	2001	61.8 132.6
2010	151	9,769	2002	192.7 153.5
			2003	167.3 192.2
			2004	179.5 208.3
			2005	234.9 192.6
			2006	233.0 192.0
			2007	275.9 202.3
			2008	272.6 203.1
			2009	215.9 197.2
			2010	266.3 223.2

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INCOME ASSISTANCE					
<i>Beneficiaries (monthly average)</i>					
2001	64	2,425	1986	17.4	
2002	49	2,200	1989	26.4	
2003	53	2,142	1991	28.8	
2004	55	2,058	1994	22.3	
2005	45	1,911	1996	39.2	
2006	52	1,912	1999	33.9	
2007	42	2,024	2001	40.8	
2008	40	2,067	2004	31.6	
2009	53	2,402	2006	32.9	
2010	64	2,313	2009	45.0	
<i>Cases (monthly average)</i>					
2001	36	1,202	<i>Employment Rates (2009)</i>		
2002	29	1,118	Less than High School Diploma	25.9	
2003	33	1,111	High School Diploma or Greater	62.2	
2004	37	1,110			
2005	33	1,051	LABOUR FORCE		
2006	36	1,060	<i>Participation Rate</i>		
2007	29	1,121	1986	48.5	
2008	27	1,172	1989	56.5	
2009	36	1,415	1991	52.1	
2010	42	1,429	1994	56.7	
<i>Payments (\$000)</i>			1996	60.8	
2001	171	8,840	1999	65.6	
2002	159	8,701	2001	59.2	
2003	188	8,946	2004	57.4	
2004	201	9,270	2006	59.2	
2005	175	8,610	2009	55.5	
2006	191	8,534	<i>Unemployment Rate</i>		
2007	179	9,783	1986	15.2	
2008	241	12,048	1989	29.7	
2009	308	14,563	1991	21.1	
2010	373	15,074	1994	46.6	
TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2008)					
Hunted & Fished (%)	49.4	39.4	1996	25.0	
Trapped (%)	14.2	6.2	1999	31.8	
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	16.6	8.7	2001	23.8	
Households Consuming Country Food (Half or More) (%)	77.0	28.1	2004	30.5	
			2006	22.2	
			2009	23.9	
ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES					
<i>% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language</i>			<i>Employment Rate</i>		
1984	97.1	59.1	1986	41.2	
1989	98.3	55.6	1989	39.7	
1994	96.2	50.1	1991	41.1	
1999	93.4	45.1	1994	30.2	
2004	95.8	44.0	1996	45.6	
2009	84.0	38.0	1999	44.8	
			2001	43.7	
			2004	39.9	
			2006	46.1	
			2009	42.2	

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<i>Selected Employment Rates (2009)</i>					
Males	37.7	68.1	2000	21,363	36,220
Females	47.5	66.4	2001	25,784	39,186
Aboriginal	37.3	49.8	2002	25,352	42,047
Non-Aboriginal	81.3	83.1	2003	24,729	42,572
			2004	26,058	44,080
15-24	20.2	42.0	2005	29,857	46,170
25-34	45.9	75.5	2006	30,754	48,396
35-44	63.5	81.9	2007	34,412	51,072
45-54	67.1	84.3	2008	32,958	52,943
55-64	46.9	74.6	2009	33,711	52,998
65 & Over	-	17.1	<i>Average Personal Income (\$)</i>		
			2000	4,957	805,159
<i>Labour Force Activity (2009)</i>					
Population 15 & Over	429	33,730	2001	6,701	935,854
Employed	181	22,702	2002	6,602	1,016,653
Unemployed	57	2,616	2003	6,964	1,058,922
Not in the Labour Force	191	8,412	2004	7,776	1,101,853
			2005	8,734	1,145,168
			2006	9,490	1,208,376
<i>Potential Available Labour Supply (2009)</i>					
Number of Unemployed	120	4,847	2007	9,875	1,294,015
% Do Rotational	70.8	57.1	2008	9,675	1,356,780
% Male	62.5	59.1	2009	10,500	1,356,890
% Aboriginal	97.5	77.2	<i>% Change in Emp. Inc. (2000-2009)</i>		
% Less than High School Diploma	57.5	55.9		111.8	68.5
<i>Labour Force Profile (2006)</i>					
% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	40.0	37.3	2000	19,828	36,187
% Goods Producing	26.7	17.2	2001	24,819	38,497
% Other Industries	42.2	43.9	2002	22,766	41,428
			2003	21,763	41,904
			2004	23,564	43,969
			2005	27,294	45,843
<i>Annual Work Pattern (2008)</i>					
% Worked	65.0	79.0	2006	27,912	47,856
% Worked More than 26 weeks	59.9	77.5	2007	30,859	50,627
			2008	29,318	52,650
			2009	30,000	52,983

PERSONAL INCOME

<i>Total Income (\$000)</i>					
2000	6,409	921,079	2000	53.3	32.0
2001	8,251	1,058,019	2001	46.9	28.8
2002	8,366	1,148,300	2002	45.5	27.6
2003	8,655	1,199,686	2003	48.6	28.0
2004	9,381	1,246,589	2004	50.0	27.3
2005	10,450	1,297,842	2005	42.9	26.0
2006	11,379	1,384,602	2006	37.8	24.9
2007	11,700	1,469,865	2007	32.4	23.3
2008	11,865	1,542,755	2008	36.1	23.7
2009	12,810	1,557,610	2009	36.8	23.9
<i>% Change in Total Inc. (2000-2009)</i>					
	99.9	69.1	<i>Percent Taxfilers Less than \$15,000</i>		
			2000	53.3	32.0
			2001	46.9	28.8
			2002	45.5	27.6
			2003	48.6	28.0
			2004	50.0	27.3
			2005	42.9	26.0
			2006	37.8	24.9
			2007	32.4	23.3
			2008	36.1	23.7
			2009	36.8	23.9
<i>Percent Taxfilers More than \$50,000</i>					
			2000	13.3	28.2
			2001	15.6	31.4
			2002	15.2	34.4
			2003	17.1	35.1
			2004	19.4	36.5
			2005	22.9	38.3
			2006	24.3	39.9
			2007	23.5	42.7
			2008	22.2	43.7
			2009	23.7	43.6

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FAMILY INCOME				
<i>Average Family Income</i>				
2000	39,523	71,864		
2001	50,564	80,225		
2002	49,757	87,143		
2003	53,057	88,244		
2004	57,843	91,362		
2005	62,929	96,171		
2006	67,457	101,622		
2007	72,923	107,252		
2008	66,533	111,796		
2009	77,750	112,119		
<i>Percent Families Less than \$30,000</i>				
2000	61.5	26.2		
2001	35.7	20.8		
2002	42.9	19.4		
2003	42.9	20.3		
2004	35.7	20.2		
2005	28.6	19.0		
2006	21.4	18.0		
2007	23.1	16.6		
2008	33.3	17.0		
2009	14.3	16.7		
<i>Percent Families More than \$75,000</i>				
2000	15.4	41.6		
2001	21.4	47.4		
2002	21.4	50.4		
2003	28.6	50.7		
2004	28.6	52.7		
2005	35.7	55.3		
2006	35.7	57.1		
2007	38.5	59.5		
2008	33.3	60.8		
2009	35.7	60.7		
PRICES				
<i>2009 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)</i>			172.5	..
<i>2010 Food Price Index (YK = 100)</i>			172.1	..
ENVIRONMENT				
<i>Average Temperature (°C)</i>				
January 2003			-26.1	..
January 2004			-27.6	..
January 2005			-23.9	..
January 2006			-26.7	..
January 2007			-22.1	..
July 2003			14.9	..
July 2004			12.8	..
July 2005			11.5	..
July 2006			13.8	..
July 2007			14.8	..
COMMUNITY LIVING				
<i>% Who Volunteered in 2008</i>			22.3	37.7
<i>% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008</i>			25.3	73.5
SYMBOLS				
- zero or too small to be expressed				
.. not available				
x data suppressed				

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[10]{\frac{Pop_{2011}}{Pop_{2001}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004 & 2009). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, and the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Crime

Incidents in a particular detachment may include incidents from surrounding communities.

Violent Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Refers to incidences of homicides, attempted murder, assaults (including sexual assaults), abduction and robbery.

Property Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of breaking & entering, theft, position of stolen goods and fraud.

Other Criminal Code: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of offensive weapons, bail violation, disturbing the peace and mischief (property damage).

Federal Statutes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of possession and trafficking of drugs.

Traffic: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of dangerous operation of motor vehicle and impaired operation of motor vehicle.

Violent Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Property Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Income Assistance

Note: Due to program changes in 2007, data prior to this year is not directly comparable.

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments (\$000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Craft (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'in.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2009 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment

rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2008 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2008, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

Personal Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns.

Total Income (\$000): Refers to total money income received from all sources.

Average Personal Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources.

Employment Income (\$000): Refers to total income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Average Employment Income (\$): Refers to average income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Percent Tax-filers Less Than \$15,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making less than \$15,000.

Percent Tax-filers More Than \$50,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making more than \$50,000.

Family Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns. Refers to the total income of a family; it is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family.

Average Family Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources for the family as a whole.

Percent Families Less Than \$30,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making less than \$30,000.

Percent Families More Than \$75,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making more than \$75,000.

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum.

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.